



SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 17, 1906.

DURING the proceedings of a conference of ministers of this State on Thursday afternoon was called to the fact that recruiting for the ministry was growing less all the time. The reason given for the decrease in the number of candidates was the fact that more attractive possibilities are offered in other callings in life. This is a sad admission, and given strength to the observation often made by the world at large that many enter the ministry merely for the leaves and fishes. Love for the profession and the earnest desire to interest persons in the Christian religion without money and without price seem to be wanting in our day, and such a condition of affairs so apparent in the church militant may account for the falling off in church attendance and the lethargy manifested both in the pew and by those without in the claims of the church. The man who views the ministry simply as he does any commercial calling in life is not calculated to make much impression upon the thoughtful. Attention has been called to the fact that there is nothing in the New Testament to show that the Author of the faith ever had a penny, and the fact that the greatest of all preachers of the Gospel supported himself generally while proclaiming his truths, stand in marked contrast with the views of many moderns.

FOLLOWING close upon the launch of the Dreadnaught from the British shipyards, the biggest battleship in the world, the Japanese government has this week set about the Satsuma, a still larger and more formidable engine of war. The Satsuma is expected to develop greater speed than the Dreadnaught, and will have more formidable batteries. The fact that this naval monster has been built in Japan by exclusively Japanese labor throws an interesting light on the advancement of the "Yankees of the East." They are rapidly becoming in all respects a self-dependent nation altogether capable of taking care of themselves and keeping the place they have won among the "world powers."

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SMITH, of the Bureau of Corporations, says the government will prosecute the Standard Oil Company to collect \$160,000,000 in penalties for violating the Elkins act. He says every railroad except the New York Central has given the information asked for, and that the Standard had a system by which it controlled the freight rates in its favor throughout the country. In the East, he said, the railroads would give through rates on all commodities except oil to any one, but on oil only to the Standard. Indictments have now been filed against the Standard in three States and the trial should be pushed with energy—though it is doubtful if there will be any results.

It is stated that former Governor Herriek, of Ohio, and Thomas F. Walsh, of Denver, have formed a \$9,000,000 syndicate for the purpose of harnessing the mountain streams of the Rockies for long distance transmission, so as to revolutionize western industries. John Hayes Hammond has been employed as chief engineer, and Mr. Herriek predicts that in ten years every railroad crossing the mountains will use electricity generated by falling water. Surely man's ingenuity and electricity are working wonders.

THE REPORT of the treasury experts who have been examining the books of the sub-treasury at St. Louis shows that a shortage of \$61,500 exists, but they were unable to trace the responsibility for it, all of which shows a remarkable condition of affairs existing at the St. Louis sub-treasury. Assistant Treasurer Akin will be called upon to make good the deficit. He is bonded for \$250,000. Detectives will continue to work on the case.

THE STATE of Louisiana, through its tax collector, has begun action against the Standard Oil Company to compel it to take out a license as peddler for the last three years, and pay fees to the amount of \$3,550. It is believed that as the Standard is now conducting its business the company could be required to take out a peddler's license in every State and in nearly every city and town in the country.

LUCY PALMER, a Milwaukee caterer, has been elected a member of the Wisconsin Legislature from the richest district in the State. The election is notable for the reason that Palmer is a colored man. He is the first of his race to serve the State of Wisconsin in a legislative capacity.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, it is said, is going to make a trip to the Philippines. He will then be able to better determine what the people of the United States are getting in return for the expenditure of \$400,000,000 upon the Philippines before the original purchase price of \$20,000,000.

News of the Day.

A dispatch from Belgrade states that George, the crown prince, is insane. Luxuries were purchased by the United States from abroad to the extent of \$100,000,000 during the fiscal year 1906.

President Roosevelt yesterday inspected the Culebra cut at the Panama canal, sat on a steam shovel and talked with the engineer.

France and Spain are arranging to make a naval demonstration in Morocco, should it become necessary to protect foreigners.

A number of women left the Convention of the American Humane Society yesterday when a speaker attacked the wearing of furs and birds.

It is reported that the University of Maryland, St. John's College, Annapolis, Md., and the Maryland Agricultural College, will consolidate.

Two men were killed, two are dying and one seriously injured in a revolver duel with masked robbers in a San Francisco saloon yesterday.

After bidding farewell to many of his friends, Sir Thomas Lipton sailed from New York this morning for England. He said he had practically made up his mind to issue another challenge for the America's Cup.

Half a million dollars is said to have been wagered by foreigners against a successful launching of the battleship Satsuma in Japan, and it is reported that workmen were bribed to put impediments in the ship.

The Sun yesterday occupied its new building at the southwest corner of Baltimore and Charles streets. It is one of the handsomest buildings in Baltimore and one of the best equipped newspaper offices in the country.

The American Sugar Refining Company of New York was placed on trial yesterday before Judge Holt, in the United States Circuit Court, on the charge of having accepted rebates in violation of the Elkins act.

Senator Platt declares that he will not resign. Friends say he will not quit under fire, and that he is going to Washington. It is believed in Washington, however, that both Senators Platt and Depew will resign.

Delegates from the Diocese of New York to the next General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which is to be held in Richmond, Va., will vote in favor of a reduction of the number of members of the general conference from 500 to 300.

Congressman-elect Jackson of the First Maryland district has issued a signed statement repudiating, in large measure, recent interviews with him, published in Baltimore, regarding the use of money at the election on the Eastern Shore, November 6.

George B. Mathews is engaged in New York on a mammoth canvas to be exhibited at the Jamestown Exposition in 1907. The picture, which will represent General Robert E. Lee surrounded by the members of his staff, is to be eighteen feet in length and nine feet high.

A large bronze statue of Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States, is being completed at the works of the Gorham Company, in Providence, R. I., and will be unveiled in Richmond, Va., on June 3, 1907, at the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans' Association.

Chloroform a few days ago ended the suffering of the lion which was sent to Abyssinia, and the pet was mounted and sent to the Smithsonian Institution. The lion had been in almost constant pain from the time of his arrival in Washington, in March, 1901.

After being unconscious, his respiratory organs giving no indications of life for almost three days, George Meyers, aged fifty-six years, has come very much to life in a hospital, in Baltimore, and the physicians are puzzled to account for the suspension of animation during the time Meyers lay unconscious.

Tying a strap around his neck and attaching one end of it to a beam in the cellar, eleven-year-old Charles Smith, of Philadelphia, Thursday, kicked from under him a table upon which he was standing. In a moment the boy was dead, the jolt having broken his neck. The act was committed in the presence of his nine-year-old brother, Charles, it is said, had no intention of killing himself, being simply imbued with the intention to imitate a hanging which he had read of in a dime novel.

The employees of the bindery division of the government printing office in Washington have been brought to a high state of anxiety and excitement by an order, issued by Public Printer Stillings, directing that the foremen of that division furnish names of all persons whose services can be dispensed with for any reason—sickness, incompetency or any other cause. It is said that when the foremen received the order they were indignant, and that two of them, Espey and Conner, rather than comply with the order, tendered their resignations. Both resignations, it is said, are in the hands of the Public Printer.

The Episcopal Court of Review which heard the appeal of Rev. A. S. Crapsey, D. D., from the verdict of the diocesan court, which found him guilty of heresy, has reached a decision. It is not made public. It is understood that the decision is based purely on questions of law, and is either a reversal of the diocesan court which convicted Dr. Crapsey or an affirmation of that conviction. It was intimated that the court had not felt itself, under the canon which created it, able to deal with matters of doctrine, faith or worship. In these it was held during the hearing of the appeal the diocesan court had a distinct jurisdiction. The case will not, it was explained, be sent to the General Convention for adjudication, but the two alternatives suggested were possible.

Victim of Confidence Game. Ellis Reeves, of Orange, was the victim of a confidence game in Washington yesterday, losing \$100. Reeves says he met a man on Pennsylvania avenue who consented to act as his guide. While in the postoffice the stranger told Reeves he could secure for him a government position, and asked Reeves if he had any references. "No," replied Reeves, "but I have \$100 in cash, and that ought to talk," and he handed the stranger the envelope containing the money. After a parley, an envelope was returned to him which, when opened, was found to contain some old paper.

Virginia News.

William A. Lunceford died at his home, at Bloomfield, Thursday, aged 81 years.

John Hardy, colored, who killed Policeman Beard at Roanoke, recently, was convicted of murder in the first degree yesterday.

The Court of Claims of the United States government has allowed \$300 to Lamb Creek Church, in King George county, for damages inflicted by federal troops during the civil war.

W. W. Walker, of Westmoreland county, and one of the foremost lawyers of the State, celebrated the eighty-first anniversary of his birth yesterday by giving a dinner to about fifty of his near relatives.

The Richmond council committee on ordinance, charter, and reform last night favorably considered the Unalut ordinance for early closing of saloons. The ordinance will be adopted by the council, but will not go into effect until February of next year. It provides for the closing of saloons from midnight until 6 o'clock the following morning.

An opinion rendered by Judge McDowell, in the U. S. District Court for the Western district of Virginia, at Lynchburg, yesterday, disposed of the suits growing out of the failure two years ago of the Eddy Press printing establishment in Winchester. The opinion sustains the prior claims of the banks that made loans to the company.

Vessels loading on the Eastern Shore are paying \$6 per thousand for claims, the highest price ever known. Up to a few years ago the demand was limited, and \$1.50 per thousand was the standard price. Another use has been found for them. They are reduced to a liquid and sold as a soft drink in the fashionable restaurants of several northern cities.

While Mortimer Brown, a farmer, was driving to his home near Ashby Station, Warren county, last night, a lone highwayman suddenly sprang from the darkness, and grabbing Mr. Brown's horse with one hand, flourished a revolver with the other and demanded the farmer's money. Mr. Brown seized his buggy whip and dealt the robber several blows over the head. He then drove off hurriedly, leaving the highwayman dazed in the road. There is no clue to the robber.

THE METHODISTS.

The Virginia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South had the first sensation of its session in Portsmouth yesterday, when Bishop Hendrix sustained the point of order that Rev. W. H. Atwill, presiding elder of the Danville district, was "parodying" a minister of a sister Christian denomination. Just after Dr. Atwill began his report he told of the difficulties in the work of the mountainous section caused by the efforts of a certain denomination, which had gained a foothold there, to discredit the work of the minister of the Methodist church.

He cited as one instance that of a preacher, who, in replying to one of his sermons on temperance, had declared that this temperance question was all bumbag; that he found abundant mention in the Bible of the drinking of wine, but only one mention of asking for water, and that was by a man who was in hell, and ought to have been there.

The speaker was proceeding to imitate the tone and style of the preacher he was talking about, when Rev. O. F. Lipscomb arose to a point of order, claiming that Mr. Atwill was getting off a parody on a member of another religious denomination. The bishop sustained the point and told Mr. Atwill to confine himself to a report of the condition of his work. Mr. Atwill asked the pardon of the Conference if he had offended but maintained that he had not intended his remarks as a parody, but was stating facts. He dropped the peculiar tone he had been using and proceeded with his report.

It seemed that many of the members of the body were in sympathy with Mr. Atwill and the position he had taken and wished to take the floor in his defense, knowing, they claimed, the conditions existing in portions of his district.

The class of the second year was called, members of which passed an examination of character Thursday, and were advanced to the class of the third year.

The Preachers' Relief Society reported receipts during the year of \$9,164.03; disbursements, \$8,702; assets, \$59,597.33; an increase of \$962.93 in assets for the year.

A letter was read from M. A. Davidson asking that his name be placed among the supernumeraries.

THE BAPTISTS.

Much business was crowded into the last day of the session of the Baptist General Convention in Richmond yesterday. The temperance report declared the saloon an enemy to the churches, and dealt more with conditions than statistics. Dr. W. C. Taylor, in discussing the conditions, declared that the Atlanta riots were due to the ease with which whisky could be procured.

Dr. E. W. Winfree offered a resolution intended to settle once and for all the long-mooted question as to the ownership of the church of Richmond College. The resolution provided for a committee to confer with the board of Richmond College and ascertain whether Richmond College is legally, as it is practically, the property of the denomination, and if it is found not to be so, to suggest a plan by which it may be made so.

Dr. McDaniel read the report of the woman's board, showing that through the avenues of their work \$30,000 had been distributed.

The report on home missions showed progress in the work in Cuba, Panama, and the United States. There were 15,436 baptisms during the year.

Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, chairman of the committee appointed to suggest plans looking to an evangelistic exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition next year, made his report, after which resolutions were adopted endorsing the movement for general evangelistic services, and providing a fund of \$2,500 for aid in the general work, and for the exhibit.

The convention adjourned to meet next year in Danville.

Deaths from Appendicitis. A decrease in the rate of the use of Dr. King's New Life Pills increases. They save you from danger and bring quick and painless relief from constipation and the ill effects of their use. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbetter & Sons, Druggists, 256, 7th St.

The Market.

Georgetown, Nov. 17.—Wheat 65¢.

Today's Telegraphic News.

Crocker Interviewed. (Copyright 1906 by the Publishers Press.) Dublin, Ireland, Nov. 17.—Richard Crocker today gave out an interview in which he added a chapter to his quarrel with William R. Hearst and paid his respects to his enemies in Tammany Hall.

In reply to the correspondent's first question as to what had caused Hearst's defeat in the recent election, Mr. Crocker replied: "God Almighty." Then he added: "His defeat is a judgment of heaven owing to his scurrilous charges and his ungentlemanly conduct of the campaign, vilifying everyone who did not hold his opinion. In all my experience I do not remember a campaign which sunk to such billingsgate. I see Hearst referred to me as a corrupt politician. If he thinks so, why did he visit me in 1903 at Wantage, and beg me to resume the leadership of Tammany Hall? Mr. Hearst implored me to re-enter politics, saying that Lewis Nixon was incompetent and that everybody wanted me to return. Hearst also confessed that he was ambitious to enter politics and said I could help him.

"Because I think Hearst is still a danger to democracy, I consider it my duty to speak. If Hearst had been elected governor and had continued raising class distinctions, cursing those who made our country and vilifying everyone with a bank account, I am convinced he would have caused a class war, bringing sadder days than any America has ever known. His power to do this has not disappeared. Democracy should be on guard against him. God help democracy if Hearstism becomes its guiding principle."

Mr. Crocker was asked what he had to say about the charge by Burke Crocker that he was a corrupt politician, and he replied:

"I want to tell Crocker that I believe him to be the biggest blackguard of modern times. In all my experience I have never found an honest streak in him. When Crocker was a poor youth, I not only introduced him into politics, but as he had no money, I induced Tammany to pay the expenses of his congressional campaign. When he got into Congress Crocker wanted to be appointed on the ways and means committee. I still had faith in him and suggested his appointment to Speaker Crisp. Mr. Crisp demurred, saying he feared democracy would be sorry later. I consider Crocker one of the most dangerous and one of the most treacherous men in American politics. I always found Charles F. Murphy upright, honest and well meaning. I am still unable to account for his support of Hearst in the nominating convention."

Mr. Crocker in referring to charges that have been made against him said: "If any one can specifically accuse me of corruption in my thirty-five years of political life, let him speak out. I give permission to everybody to tell all he knows about me now. Regarding the future, I want to dispel the rumor that I intend to re-enter politics. Nothing could induce me to reassert myself in Tammany and play another part in politics. I am out for good and all."

Further on Mr. Crocker said: "The future of the democratic party is in the hands of the workingman, and democrats should improve the conditions of labor and should insist that trusts which raise prices be killed. Rebates and enormous dividends should be prohibited and combining to raise prices or corner foodstuffs on the stock exchange should be made a criminal offense. * * * Fight on clean cut issues and do not accuse opponents of crimes simply because they are opponents. If you cannot win by fair means, do not stoop to foul ones. Do not despair at defeat if you have retained your manhood. That has been the lesson of my political career."

More Facts Obtained. Herkimer, N. Y., Nov. 17.—More facts upon which the prosecution in the case of Chester E. Gillette on trial here for the murder of his sweetheart, Grace Brown, will build its case came to light today when it was learned that the prosecution has scores of letters written by the girl to Gillette in which she reproached him for his treatment of her and referred to threats, bodily violence, and expressed wishes on his part that she was dead. A week before the girl's body was found in Moose Lake she sent Gillette the following:

"You remember, Chester, that you told me that you never would come to this section until my dead body was brought back. I have heard that you wished me dead. You must come to me as you promised."

A few days before she had written: "If you fail to keep your promise to come to me, Saturday, I will surely come to Cortland any you will have to see me there. I cannot wait any longer."

Another time she wrote "I am nearly crazy with worry. I cannot sleep. Why don't you do something for me?"

Many of the letters were written in most passionate terms and referred to the time when they should be together again. She referred to past meetings.

Gillette wanders about here with no appearance of being a prisoner. Only one deputy sheriff walks with him.

The Roosevelt. Sydney, N. S. W., Nov. 17.—Admiral received here indicates that the Roosevelt, battered by her struggles in Arctic seas, will arrive here in the course of ten days bringing the returning Peary expedition. Incomplete reports show that the ship reached Domino, Labrador, and then sailed to the northernmost settlement in Greenland.

The Roosevelt entered the ice and then drifting and steaming reached 82° 27' degrees north, where winter quarters were established at a point beyond any previous known camping place used by man. On Feb. 10, 1906, Commander Peary and party made the dash for the Pole. Good weather favored him on the start, but after reaching 87° 46' degrees north, a point within 153 miles of the Pole, where he was forced to turn back, Peary encountered frightful weather conditions, ran out of food, and had to live on dog meat. When he got back to the Roosevelt, 117 days after his departure, he was all but a physical wreck from privation and hardship.

Football. Among the most interesting football games to be played today are Harvard and Dartmouth, at Cambridge; Yale and Princeton, at Princeton; Pennsylvania and Michigan, at Philadelphia; and Virginia and George Washington, at Washington.

First half: Princeton 0, Yale 0.

Cascasweet is a harmless compound of vegetable extracts that is wonderful in its beneficial effects on the stomachs of infants and children. Recommended and sold by W. F. Crighton & Co., 401 King street.

Book Confiscated.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—Instead of following the example of some American millionaires in getting royalty to tap them on the shoulder, knighting them, J. Ogden Armour and Cornelius Vanderbilt initiated the Kaiser into the ranks of "We Fellows." The Kaiser allowed Armour to slap him on the back and Vanderbilt called his majesty a "good fellow." It is told in a book by "Pessimist" called "Our Kaiser and His People," which was promptly confiscated. It became known today. The book is only one more exposition of the dissatisfaction Germans feel for their Emperor. It hits at the Kaiser, and says he is no friend of liberty. It is supposed to have been written by a prominent politician, and the nom de plume is a tag off on the Kaiser's recent tirade against pessimists. The writer declares that the Kaiser wants to be considered as holding his throne by divine right. "The German people today," he says, "are fed on cavalry attacks, conferences a la Alercia, and performances of Hohenzollern dramas." The Kaiser is condemned for his Americanism, while he is most sensitive for attacks from his own people.

Narrowly Escaped Lynching.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—Stemming the fury of a mob long enough to go through the form of a trial, saved the life of B. O. Glenn, colored, who was released today after he had been identified by Mrs. J. I. Camp as the negro who assaulted her last Monday and had been condemned to death by public sentiment. The noose was practically around the neck of Glenn, when William Johnson, a giant black, was arrested and found to be the guilty man. Johnson had three women's skirts about his waist and a woman's stocking on his leg. He carried a gun with a cartridge identical to the one found in Mrs. Camp's home. Glenn was sitting sullenly in the court room, all hope having been lost, when the announcement of the arrest of Johnson was made. The jury at once retired and returned a verdict of acquittal. Though the wisdom of allowing the law to take its course had been so powerfully demonstrated, it is certain that nothing but a record breaking trial will save Johnson from lynching.

Hypnotized by Pastor.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 17.—Sitting she was under the hypnotic influence of her pastor, the Rev. R. V. Meigs, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Mrs. Georgia Lathrop, a well-known young society woman of Adams county, implored him to leave and accept a call to the church at Urbana, Ill., he having recently been invited to the latter pulpit.

Mrs. Lathrop's mental trouble became so pronounced that she was taken before an insane commission in the County Court and examined. It was found, after close questioning, that she was insane on the single subject only, her mind being perfectly clear otherwise. She has a husband and four little children.

Terrific Gales.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 17.—Terrific gales are sweeping the coast. Six vessels are wrecked near St. Martins, St. Johns, and Charlottetown, N. B. It is impossible at this time to say how many small schooners are wrecked in the storm which is still raging. It is feared several steamers have been lost. The coast is lined with men and women fearing for the safety of loved ones at sea in fishing boats. Life savers are working like demons to rescue men from some of the vessels, but it is impossible to launch life boats and up to noon today attempts to shoot out a line and bring in men by breeches buoy had failed.

Proposed Visit from Japanese Squadron.

San Francisco, Nov. 17.—A Japanese squadron will visit the United States early next year. This word was received by the consul here from the consul at Honolulu. Plans for the visit of the fleet have been completed and an appropriation of \$250,000 to defray the expenses of the trip has been announced. After visiting San Francisco the fleet will sail southward about South America, putting in at all important ports, then sail up the Atlantic coast as far as New York.

To Challenge Again.

New York, Nov. 17.—With a promise to challenge next year for the America's cup, Sir Thomas Lipton, who has made three unsuccessful trials, sailed for home today on the Carmania. He came to the United States this time, he explained, to pave the way for another race. He thinks his visit a success. "I shall challenge for the cup next year," he said. "The race to take place in 1908. The challenge will be under the new rules of measurement of the New York Yacht Club."

Robbers Start Fire.

Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 17.—Robbers attempting to blow the safe of a hardware store, at Walker, Mo., early today, set the building on fire and before the blaze was extinguished, four store buildings and the bank were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$75,000. The entire town was threatened when the wind shifted and the flames were controlled. The bank destroyed was looted last Tuesday night by robbers.

Pulitzer Struck Hearst.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17.—Joseph Pulitzer, jr., son of the New York publisher, admitted today that he struck William R. Hearst in the pit of the stomach late yesterday and when informed that Mr. Hearst had denied that there had been an encounter, replied: "Well, he lied then." The trouble was the result of a newspaper attack made by Hearst on the elder Pulitzer.

Laboring Men and Roosevelt.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 17.—A suggestion of how laboring men may campaign for Roosevelt again was seen in a canvass 112 Federation delegates representing a million union men this morning. Fifty-two voted for Roosevelt, 13 for Bryan, and 11 for Hearst, 6 for Taft, Cannon, Shaw, John A. Johnson, and Elihu Root got two votes each. Others voted for unimportant men.

Negro Threw Carbolic Acid.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 17.—The North Braddock borough police have been notified of an attempted assault with the purpose of highway robbery upon Miss Jeanette Brownlee, 18 years old. A negro attempted to grasp Miss Brownlee and when she screamed threw carbolic acid in her face. She was badly disfigured.

DeWitt's Little Early Rider. About the most reliable pill on the market. Sold by W. F. Crighton & Co., 401 King street.

The Insurrection in the Transvaal.

Capetown, Nov. 17.—After six days of insurrectionary work among the inhabitants of the northwest part of the colony, Ferreira, the Boer outlaw, with his entire band have been captured. Entering the northwest section he surprised the police in the vicinity of Wotkop and wounded two troopers, seized the arms and ammunition, later captured the corporal of police and then hurried into the borderland. He compelled farmers to join him and declared that revolution was imminent.

Shoots an Eagle 100 Years Old.

Berlin, Pa., Nov. 17.—Henry Kaufman, of Upper Merion township, shot a real American eagle on the Blue Mountain yesterday. When he first saw the bird he thought it was a large hawk. He was 100 yards away, but fired, and brought the bird in to the ground. He measured seven feet from tip to tip of the wings, and stood three feet six inches high. It weighed 25 pounds, and, judging by the thickness of its legs and length of claws (three inches) the eagle was nearly 100 years old.

Injunction Against Negro Elks.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 17.—Judge Miller gave a decision yesterday in favor of the order of Elks against T. S. Thomas and others restraining them perpetually from organizing a negro lodge under the name and title of the B. O. E. of the United States in the State of Georgia. Judge Miller decided that the negroes could not in any manner infringe upon the rights of the Elks as a body. The negroes propose to evade the decision by naming the order "The Improved Benevolent Order of Elks."

New York Stock Market.

New York, Nov. 17.—The stock market was excited and strong all through the first hour with the Hill-Harriman stocks and being the primary features of interest. Great Northern preferred advanced 3 points to 333; later declined to 330. Northern Pacific advanced one point to 228 and declined to 225; and then advanced to 227. Union Pacific opened 1 higher at 189 and advanced to 187. U. S. Steel held strong. London bought about 15,000 shares on balance, chiefly Canadian Pacific and Union Pacific.

Comments Marris Killing.

At the inquest over the body of "Will" Harris, the desperado who was shot to death by a posse of officers and citizens near Asheville, N. C., on Thursday the coroner's jury returned the following verdict:

"Said Will Harris, alias Rufe Lindsay, came to his death at the hands of public-spirited citizens who at the time were in the fearless and unselfish discharge of a public duty that the law might be vindicated and justice administered; that said Will Harris, alias Rufe Lindsay, at the time of his death was resisting arrest and attempting to shoot and kill the citizens above referred to, constituting the posse who were attempting undue authority of the law to effect the capture of the said Will Harris, alias Rufe Lindsay."

"That the citizens above referred to, constituting the posse aforesaid, as well as others who participated in the search and spontaneous efforts to bring to justice this incarnate fiend and savage desperado, are entitled to the commendation and thanks of the whole community."

The R. F. & P. Railway.

There is considerable speculation in Richmond as to the kind and amount of pressure brought by the State officials to cause Vice President Rea, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, to reconsider his refusal to accord to Governor Swanson a conference on the question of the appointment of a president for the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad. At any rate, Mr. Rea has receded from the arbitrary selection of John G. Rogers for the position, and will confer with the Governor next Monday on the question of Judge Leake's successor. The State officials regarding the treatment of the Governor by the railroad officer, and the State Corporation Commission which would have immense power in the way of reprisals for an unfair action against the State's interest, is said to have been a strong factor in Mr. Rea's change of front.

The Buffalo flyer eastbound, on the Philadelphia & Erie ran into a freight engine in the yards at Renovo early today. The engineer of the passenger train, was scalded to death. The firemen, was badly hurt. None of the passengers were injured.

The strike of the Clyde boiler-makers, which began September 29, in which 10,000 men were involved, has come to an end by the men returning to work. They did not gain one of the points in dispute.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one crowded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh of the Bladder. It is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, reaches directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting Nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for full particulars.

Address: J. C. HENRY & CO., Toledo O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice up to November 15, 1906:

Maxey, A. M.	Sorrel, Mrs. A. C.
Marvin, Thos. E. O.	Sullivan, Catherine
Purdy, Herbert R.	Swail, John
Parish, Geo. L.	Swain, George
Parrel, Mrs. Laura	Speakes, Jr. Wm J.
Payne, Paul	Taylor, Clara
Russell, Mrs. F. H.	Taylor, Clarence E.
Robinson, Joseph	Willetts, Wm. T.
Robinson, John	Willetts, Wm. T.
Seumner, Misses	Williams, Willie

THOMAS BURROUGHS, P. M.

NANTICOKE TOMATOES, 100 cases this year past, Fine Tomatoes just received by J. C. MILBURN.

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS—5 cases Tomato Chicken, Vegetable, Cream Chowder, and other varieties of soups just received by J. C. MILBURN.